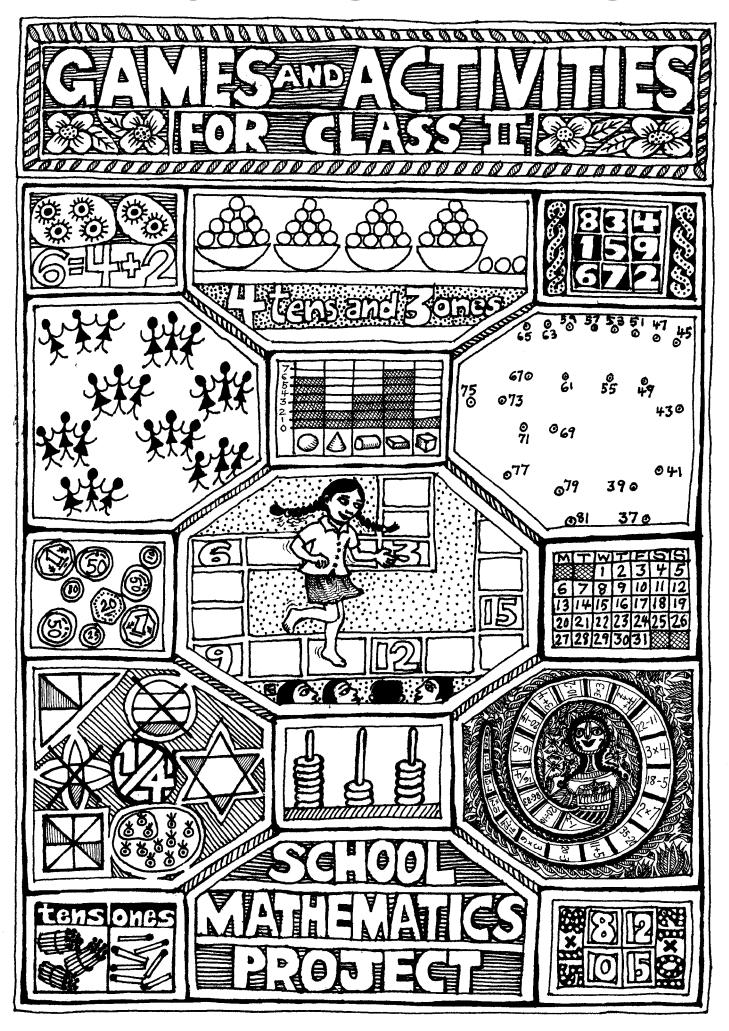
WORKSHEETS



Preface

This is a reprint of an experimental edition of **Games and Activities for Class II: Worksheets** prepared for the **School Mathematics Project** in 2001 with the help of teachers from the participating schools. It is accompanied by a **Teachers' Guide**, which explains and gives ideas on how the work sheets in this book might be used, and also gives ideas for additional activities. As part of the same project, another book was written for Class I. Although the books are labelled Class I and Class II, the games, activities and worksheets can be used for any age, depending on the needs of the students.

Please note that each worksheet carries a legend at the bottom right hand corner of the page. The legend starts off by specifying the type of work sheet, e.g. whether it has to do with money, time, etc. Each type of work sheet is numbered. The final element of the legend identifies the number of the work sheet, which runs from WS 1 to WS 63. Use these numbers to find the page of the Teachers' Guide which corresponds to a particular work sheet.

Amitabha Mukherjee Vijaya Varma for the SMP Group

Please send any feedback and suggestions for modification to Karen Haydock (who illustrated and designed this book) at haydock@gmail.com



Games and Activities for Class II: Work sheets

School Mathematics Project Centre for Science Education and Communication, Delhi University (2001)

Name:	Class:	Date:	

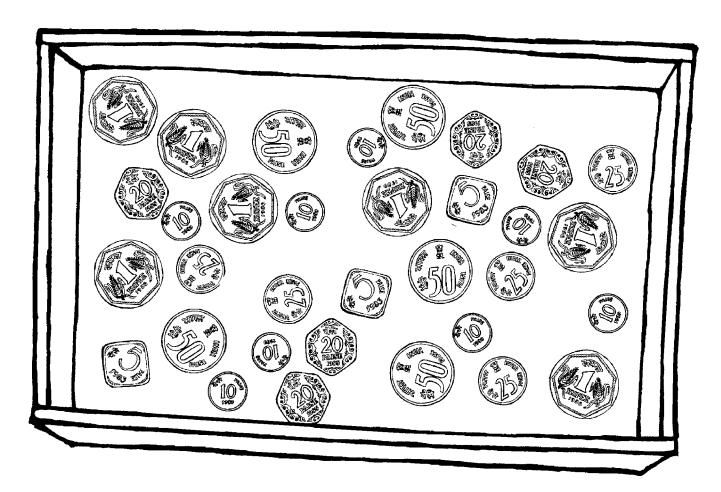


Suppose you are given Rs 200 each day for shopping. On each day, buy any three items and fill in the table.

DAY	ITEM NAME	AMOUNT	AMOUNT LEFT FROM Rs 200
1	1		
	2		
	3		
		TOTAL =	
2	1		
	2		
	3		
		TOTAL =	
3	1		
	2		
	3		
		TOTAL =	

Name: Class: D	ate:
----------------	------

A TRAY OF OLD COINS

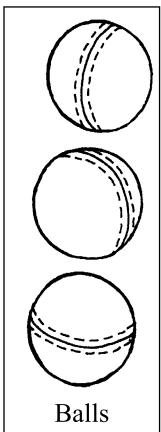


How many coins of each kind are there? How much are they worth?

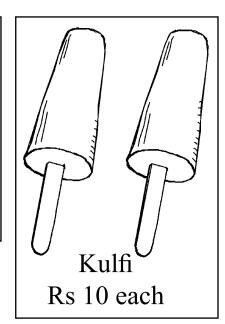
	X	5 p coin	=	Rupees	paise
	X	10 p coin	=	Rupees	paise
	Х	20 p coin	=	Rupees	paise
	Х	25 p coin	=	Rupees	paise
	X	50 p coin	=	Rupees	paise
	X	1 Rs coin	=	Rupees	paise
	X	2 Rs coin	=	Rupees	paise
Ī	x	5 Rs coin	=	Rupees	paise

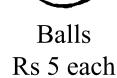
HOW MANY CAN YOU BUY?

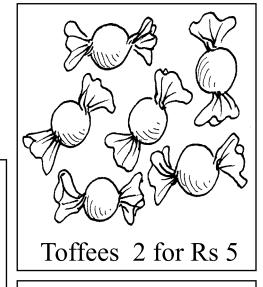
Circle the number of things in each box that you can buy with 10 Rupees.

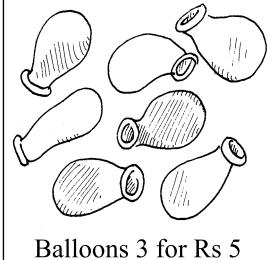


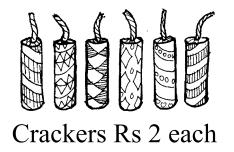
Crayons 2 for Rs 5











Name: Class: Date:

PRICES OF THINGS

Visit a shop and note down the prices of any 10 things you might like to buy.

	NAME OF THING	PRICE
1		
2		
3		
4		
5		
6		
7		
8		
9		
10		



Name:	Class:	Da	te:

WHO BOUGHT WHAT?

Gita, Farha, Shilpa and Shruti each bought 1 jumper and 1 pair of shorts.

Gita spent Rs 380.

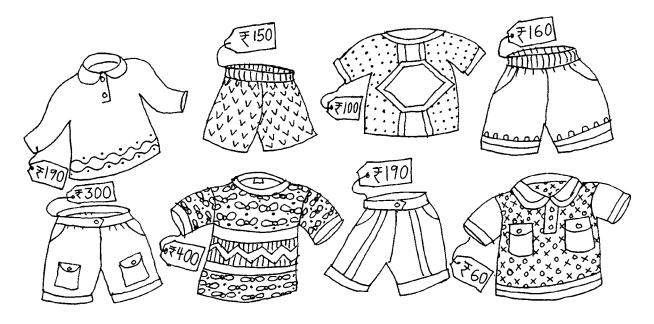
Farha spent Rs 400.

Shilpa spent Rs 560.

Shruti spent Rs 210.

Work out which jumper and which pair of shorts each girl bought.

Write how much they spent in the Table below.



Name of Girl	Cost of Jumper	Cost of Shorts	Total Cost
Gita			380
Farha			400
Shilpa			560
Shruti			210

HOW MANY COINS IN A RUPEE?

Is there any short form for writing Rupees and Paise?

Yes! 10 paise can be written as 10 p. 5 rupees can be written as Rs 5 or ₹ 5 and 1 rupee can be written as Re 1

The state of the s





How many paise

make a rupee?



That's easy!

100 p = Re 1

1. How many 10 p coins in a Rupee?

2. How many 20 p coins in a Rupee? (Draw and write.)

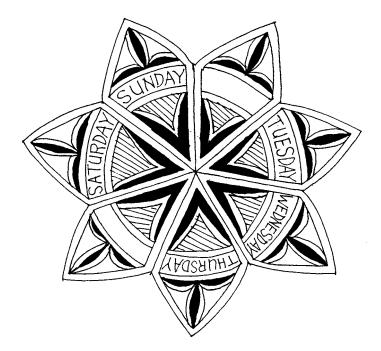
3. How many 25 p coins in a Rupee?

$$x 25 p = p$$

4. How many 50 p coins in a Rupee?

Name:	Class:	D	ate:	

DAYS OF THE WEEK



- 1. Fill in the missing days of the week in the above picture.
- 2. Which day of the week is it today? (tick one)
 - a. Monday

e. Friday

b. Tuesday

- f. Saturday
- c. Wednesday
- g. Sunday

- d. Thursday
- 3. Which day of the week is always a holiday?
- 4. Which day comes after Wednesday? _____
- 5. Which day comes before Saturday?
- 6. The day before Thursday is ______.
- 7. There are _____ days in two weeks.
- 8. There are ____ days in three weeks.
- 9. My favourite day of the week is ______.

Name: _____ Class: ____ Date: ____

MAKE A CALENDAR

Suppose this month has 31 days. Complete the calendar.

MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT	SUN
	1	2	3			
7						
	15					
					26	

1.	What	is t	he s	second	Saturday?	
----	------	------	------	--------	-----------	--

- 2. What is the first Wednesday? _____
- 3. What is the last Friday in the month?

THE CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF

- 4. What is the second Monday? _____
- 5. What is the third Friday? _____
- 6. Is the 21st a Sunday? _____
- 7. Is the 18th a Friday? _____
- 8. Is the 12th a Tuesday? _____



Name: Cla	ss: Date:
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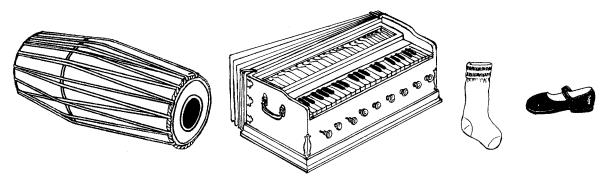
2018 CALENDAR

		Ja	nua	ary					Fe	ebri	uar	V				M	arc	ch					A	pril	l		
Mon	Tue	Wed	г	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mor	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mo	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mo	n Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun
1	2	3	4	5	6	7				1	2	3	4		T		1	2	3	4		T		П			1
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	19	+	21	22	23	24	25	16	_	18	19	20	21	22
29	30	31					26	27	28					26	27	28	29	30	31		23	_	25	26	27	28	29
		M	ay						In	ne						Ju	1 _v				30		 A	ugu	ıst		L
Mon	Tue	Wed	<u> </u>	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mor	Tue	Wed		Fri	Sat	Sun	Mo	Tue		Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mo	n Tue	$\overline{}$	$\overline{}$		Sat	Sun
	1	2	3	4	5	6					1	2	3							1			1	2	3	4	5
7	8	9	10	11	12	13	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
14	15	16	17	18	19	20	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	13	14	15	16	17	18	19
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	20	21	22	23	24	25	26
28	29	30	31				25	26	27	28	29	30		23	24	25	26	27	28	29	27	28	29	30	31		
														30	31	<u> </u>											
		Se	epte	em	ber	·			0	cto	ber	•		_	_	_	_	_	ber		_	_	_	ece		er	
Mon	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	Sat	\vdash	Mor	Tue		Thu	Fri	Sat	Sun	Mo	Tue	Wed	┢		Sat	Sun	Mo	Tue	Wed	Thu	Fri	 	Sun
	_				1	2	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	L		_	1	2	3	4		1	<u> </u>		_	1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	5 12	13	7 14	8 15	9 16	10 17	11 18	3	11	5 12	6 13	7 14	8 15	9
10 17	11 18	12 19	13 20	14 21	15 22	16 23	15 22	16 23	17 24	18 25	19 26	20 27	21 28	19	+-	21	22	23	24	25	17	18	19	20	21	22	16 23
24	25	26	├─	28	29	30	29	30	31	23	20	21	26	26	+	28	\vdash	30	-	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
27	23	20		20	2)	50	2)	150	<i>J</i> 1		<u> </u>				1	1-0		1			31	 	Ť	Ħ			
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	5.	My	y Si	um	me	r h	olic	lays	s ar	e i	n tl	ne i	moı	nth	s of	f _											
	6.	On	w	hic	h c	lay	of	the	we	ek	do	es	Ind	epe	end	enc	e I	Day	y (1	5 A	۸ug	ust) fa	ı11?			
	7.	Th	e fi	ifth	m	ont	h o	f th	e y	eai	r is								_•								
	8.	Th	e to	ent	h n	non	th o	of t	he	yea	ar i	s _							_·								
	9.	Au	gu	st i	s tl	he _					mo	ont	h o	f th	е у	ear	•										
	10	. A	m	ont	h ł	nas																-		W	eek	S.	
	11	. T	hes	se r	no	nth	s ha	ive	31	da	ys:															_	

Name: Date:
VOLUME
Take 6 to 8 containers of different sizes and shapes.
Label each one with a different number.
1. Guess
Look at your containers and guess the answers to these questions:
Which one will hold the most water?
Which one will hold the least water?
Arrange the containers in order from the one that will hold the
most to the one that will hold the least. Write the numbers here:
2. Test
Now use water to find out.
Which one really held the most water?
Which one really held the least water?
Arrange the containers in order from the one that really held the
most to the one that held the least. Write the numbers here:
3. Think
Is the tallest container the one that holds the most?
Is the shortest container the one that holds the least?
Can you find a tall container that holds less than a shorter
container?

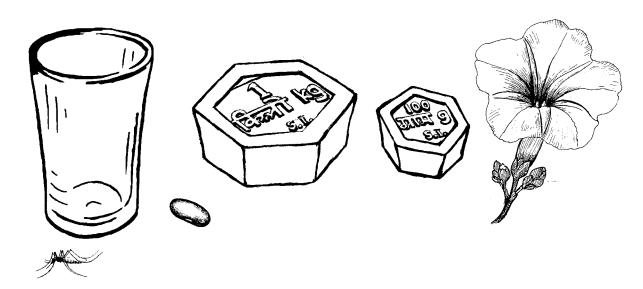
Name:	Class:	Da	te:

LIGHTER AND HEAVIER



Which is heavier:

(1) the harmonium or the dholak?(2) the shoe or the sock?(3) the dholak or the shoe?



Which is lighter?

(4) the bean or the 1 kg weight?

(5) the empty glass or the bean?

(6) the 1 kg weight or the 100 g weight?

(7) the bean or the mosquito?

(8) the empty glass or the 1 kg weight?

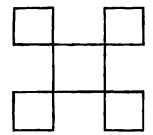
(9) the flower or the bean?

(10) the flower or the 100 g weight?

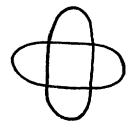
Name:	Class:	Date:	

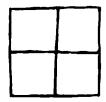
CAN YOU DRAW IT?

1. Can you draw this **without** lifting your pencil?



2. How about these?





3. Draw any other figures you like without lifting your pencil even once.

Name:	Class:	Date:
Traffic	C1ass	Datc

SHAPES

Find out how many triangles and rectangles the robot is made of.

Colour the triangles red.

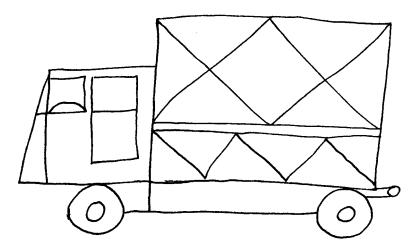
Colour the rectangles blue.

Number of triangles =

Number of rectangles =

Name Class Date	Name:		Class:		Date:	
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PICTURES AND SHAPES



1. Count the number of triangles, rectangles and circles in the truck.

Number of triangles =

Number of rectangles =

Number of circles =

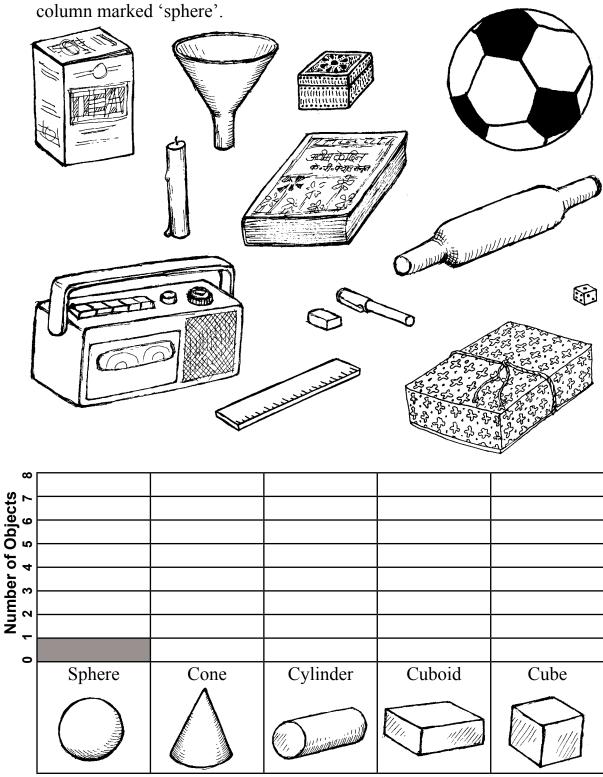
2. Draw your own pictures using these shapes.

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Name:	Class:	Date:	

WHAT SHAPE IS IT?

Look at each object in the picture and decide which shape it is. For each object, shade a box in the graph below. For example, there is only one object that is like a sphere, so we have shaded only the bottom box in the



	Name:		Class:	Date:	
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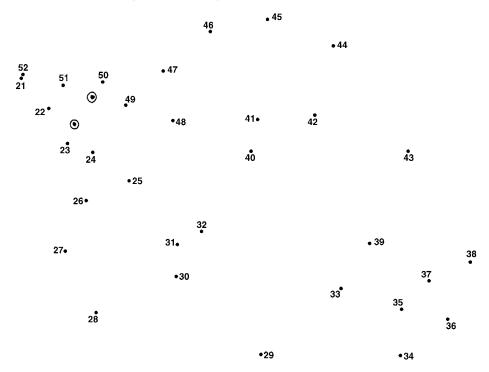
SHAPES OF OBJECTS

Name at least five objects that are cuboidal in shape.	
Name at least five objects that are cylindrical in shape	

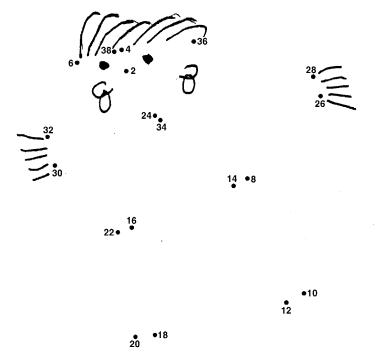
Name: Class: Date:	Name:		Date: _	
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THE NUMBER GAME

This animal can do something you can't do. What animal is it? To find out, draw straight lines to join the dots from 21 to 52.



Now draw straight lines connecting all the dots with even numbers. Join up in order, from 2 to 38.



What have you drawn?

Name:	(Class:	Date:	

COLOUR THE BOXES IN THE GRID

Box 4 has been shaded.

Now you colour these boxes:

12, 35, 49, 53, 69, 71, 84, 93

 l		<u> </u>			



Name:	Class:	Date:	

JOIN THE NUMBERS

Join the numbers in increasing order.









325

Now make your own JOIN THE NUMBERS on the back and give it to a friend to do.

Name: _____ Class: ____ Date: ____

WHICH ONE IS IT?

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Fill in the blanks with ordinal numbers:

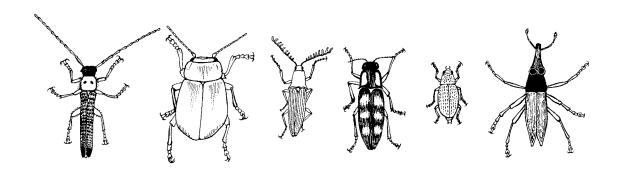
9 is the <u>ninth</u> number

4 is the _____ number

7 is the _____ number

3 is the _____ number

1 is the _____ number



The **first** beetle has two black spots on its thorax.

The ______ beetle is smallest.

The ______ beetle is biggest.

The ______ beetle has the longest antennae.

The ______ beetle has a black thorax.

The ______ beetle has 6 white spots on its abdomen.

NATURAL PROPERTY OF THE PROPER

Name:	Class:	Date:	



WRITE MY NAME

7	8	5	3	4	8	6	7	5
					1			
3	3	5	6	3	2	0	2	3
4	1	7	8	7	2	9	5	4
6	2	7	4	2	0	8	1	3
7	8	5	1	9	4	0	5	2

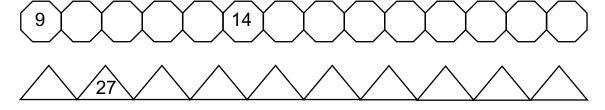
Circle the following numbers in the above chart and write their number names. The first one is already done for you.

Number	Number Name
48	forty eight
32	
78	
18	
33	
40	
27	
54	
19	

Name: _____ Class: ____ Date: _____

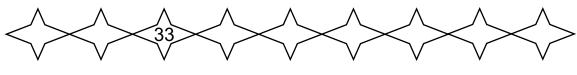
NUMBERS IN SERIES

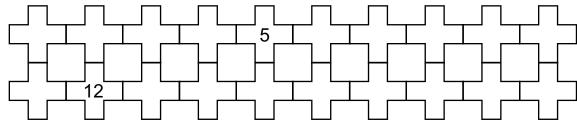
Fill in numbers to complete each sequence.

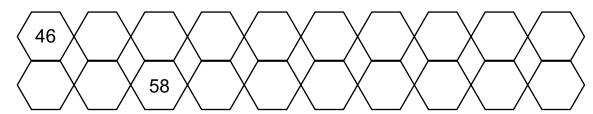


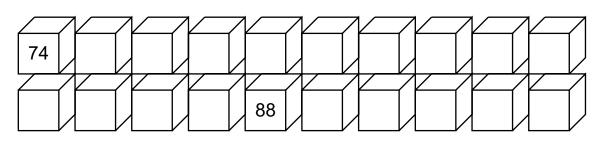


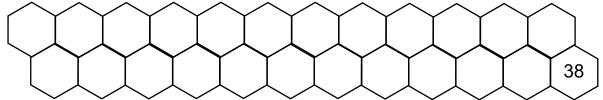












Name: _____ Class: ____ Date: ____

THE ODD ONE OUT

1. Read out loud the numbers in each row.

107	139	106	101	108
148	141	143	130	144
110	126	130	155	150
124	136	149	116	107
100	300	700	4000	800

- 2. Circle the odd one out in each row.
- 3. Colour the smallest number in each row red.
- 4. Colour the largest number in each row blue.

Name:	Class:	Date:	
ivanic.	Ciass.	Date.	

CHART YOUR NUMBERS

Complete the table for the numbers shown.

Number	Abacus	Place Value		
		Hundreds	Tens	Ones
51	H T O			
510	H T O			
105	H T O			
150	H T O			
15	H T O			

WHAT IS ITS VALUE?

Suppose letters have the following values:

$$A = 1$$
 $G = 7$
 $B = 2$ $H = 8$

$$M = 3$$

$$Y = 5$$

$$B = 2$$

$$H = 8$$

$$0 = 5$$

$$II = 1$$

$$Z = 6$$

$$D = 4$$

$$I = 10$$

$$P = 6$$

$$V = 2$$

$$Z = 6$$

$$E = 5$$

$$J - 10$$
 $K = 1$

$$Q = 7$$

$$W =$$

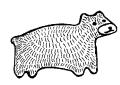


Farida has some toys. Find out their values.

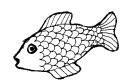


$$DOG = 4 + 5 + 7$$











Name. Class. Date.	Name:	Class:	Date:
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SKIP COUNTING!

Count in twos: (Circle every second number.)

1 ② 3 ④ 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32

Count in threes: (Circle every third number.)

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 Count in fours: (Circle every fourth number.)

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 Count in fives: (Circle every fifth number.)

1 2 3 4 ⑤ 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 Count in sixes: (Circle every ______ number.)

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 Count in sevens: (Circle every ______ number.)

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 Count in eights: (Circle every ______ number.)

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 **8** 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 Count in nines: (Circle every ______ number.)

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 Count in tens: (Circle every number.)

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 Count in tens, starting from 27:

27) 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36(37) 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 Count in threes, starting from 22:

22) 23 24 25) 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 Count in sixes, starting from 27:

29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60

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ARRANGE THE NUMBERS

Put the numbers in increasing order:

(a) 143, 256, 98, 320, 194, 279



- (b) 421, 356, 168, 200, 450, 349
- (c) 288, 153, 67, 192, 431, 120

Put the numbers in decreasing order:

- (d) 241, 183, 432, 376, 94, 203
- (e) 350, 488, 99, 145, 264, 333
- (f) 444, 434, 498, 343, 243, 93

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Name: _____ Class: ____ Date: ____

COMPARE US

Write the correct symbol >, <, or = in each box:

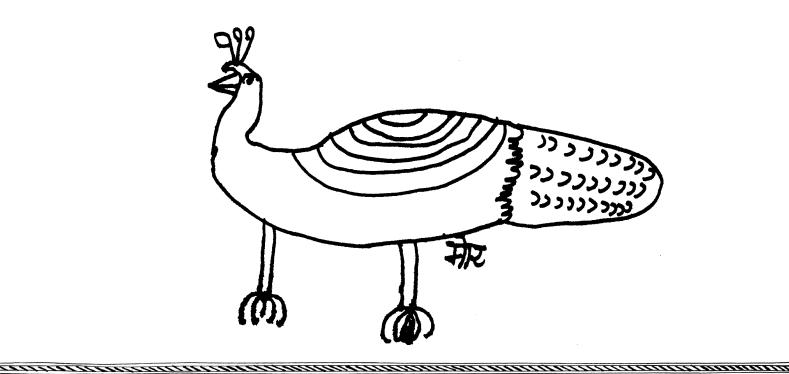
460 380 157 183

224 268 483 593

300 299 332 345

327 398 276 420

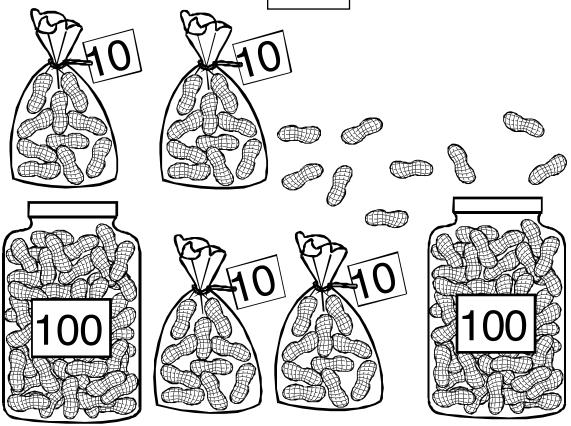
 $410 \quad \Box \quad 310 \qquad 500 \quad \Box \quad (499+1)$



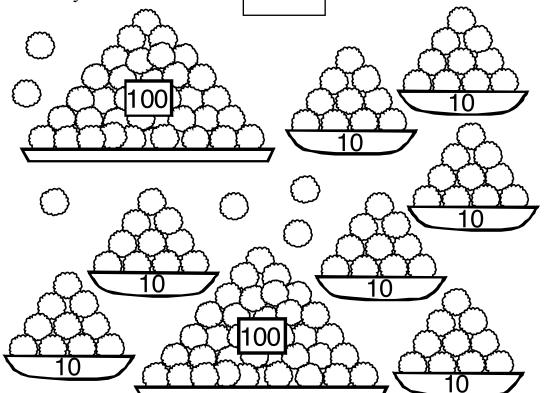
Name:	Class:	Data	
name:	Class:	Date:	

HOW MANY?

How many peanuts are there?



How many laddus are there?

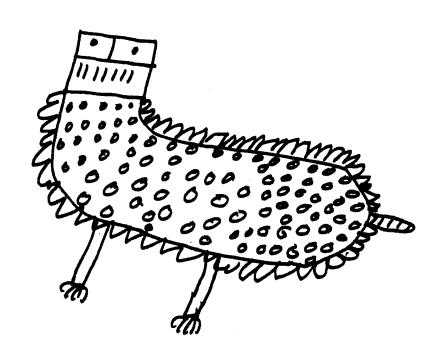


Name: _____ Class: ____ Date: _____

EXPAND THE NUMBER

Write each number in expanded form. The first one is done for you.

937 =
$$9 \text{ hundreds} + 3 \text{ tens} + 7 \text{ ones}$$



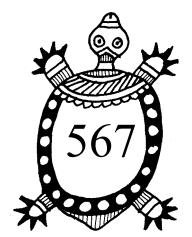
CONTROL O CANDO CANDO CONTROL DE CANDO CANDO CONTROL DE CANDO CANDO CONTROL DE CANDO CANDO CANDO CANDO CANDO C

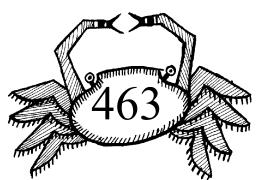
Name:	Class:	Date:	

DO YOU REMEMBER OUR NAMES?

These large numbers have forgotten their names. Can you write the number names?





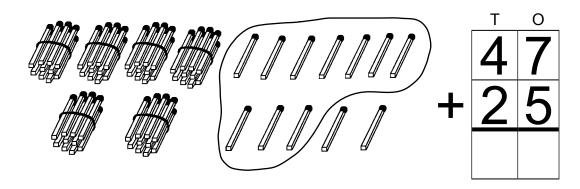


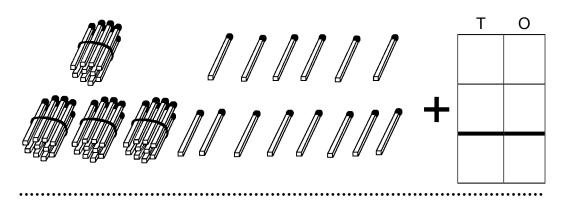


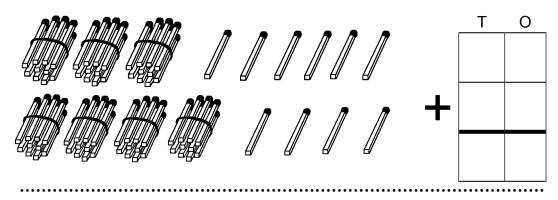
Name:	Class	Date	
Name.	Ciass	Date.	

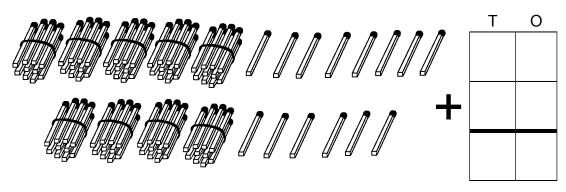
ADDITION

Add the matchsticks. Make a ring around new sets of 10 matchsticks.





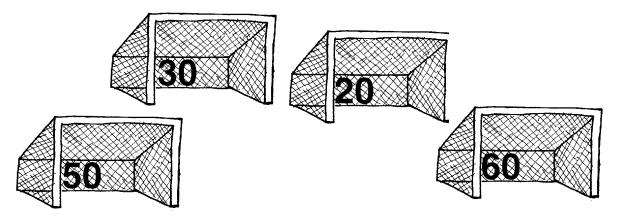


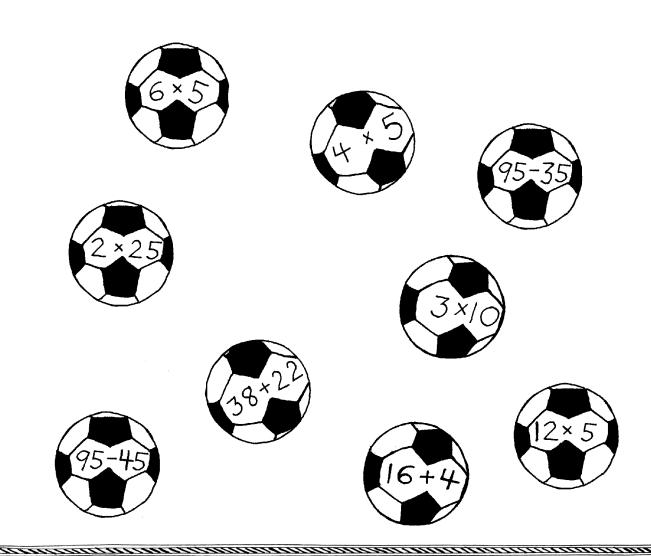


Name: _____ Class: ____ Date: ____

WHERE WILL THE BALLS GO?

Draw lines to match the balls and the goals.





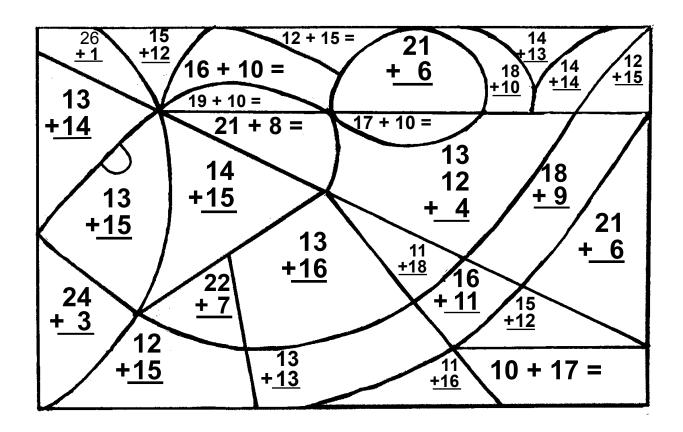
Name: _____ Class: ____ Date: _____

COLOUR THE PICTURE

Solve the sums to find which colours to use.

KEY:

26	RED
27	BLUE
28	YELLOW
29	ORANGE

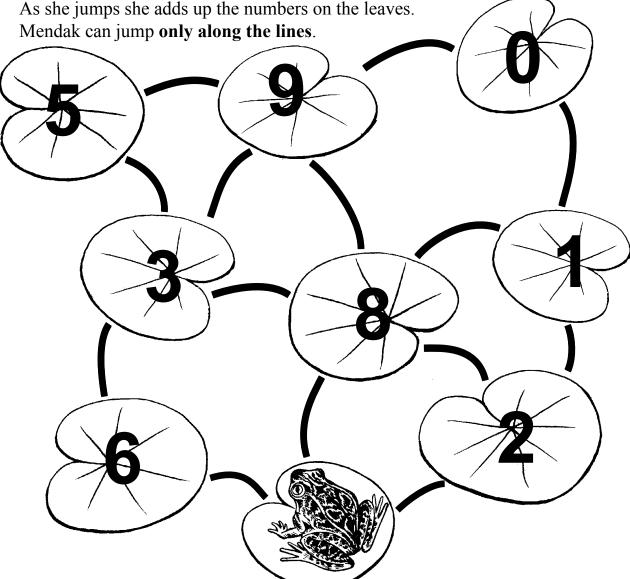


Class: _____ Date: _____ Name:

MENDAK

Mendak jumps from one lotus leaf to another.

As she jumps she adds up the numbers on the leaves.



This is a path Mendak could follow to get 18:

$$8 + 1 + 9 = 18$$

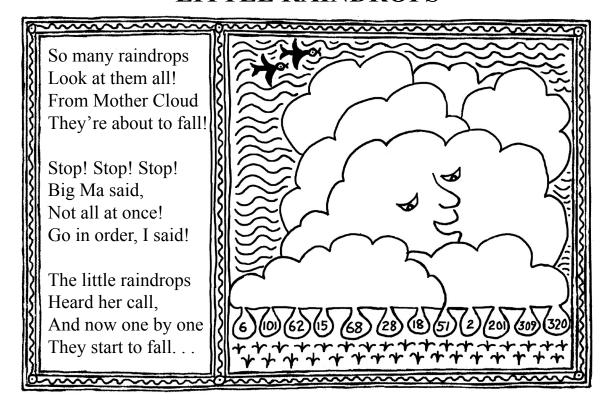
(1) What path could Mendak follow to get 20?

(2) What path could Mendak follow to get 14?

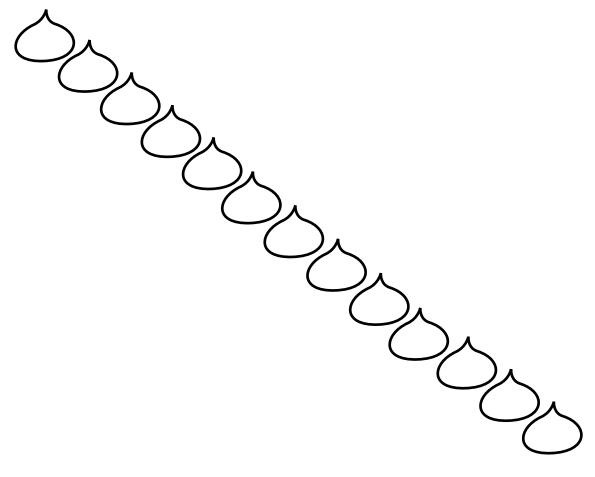
(3) What path could Mendak follow to get 12?

Name:	Class:	Date	,

LITTLE RAINDROPS



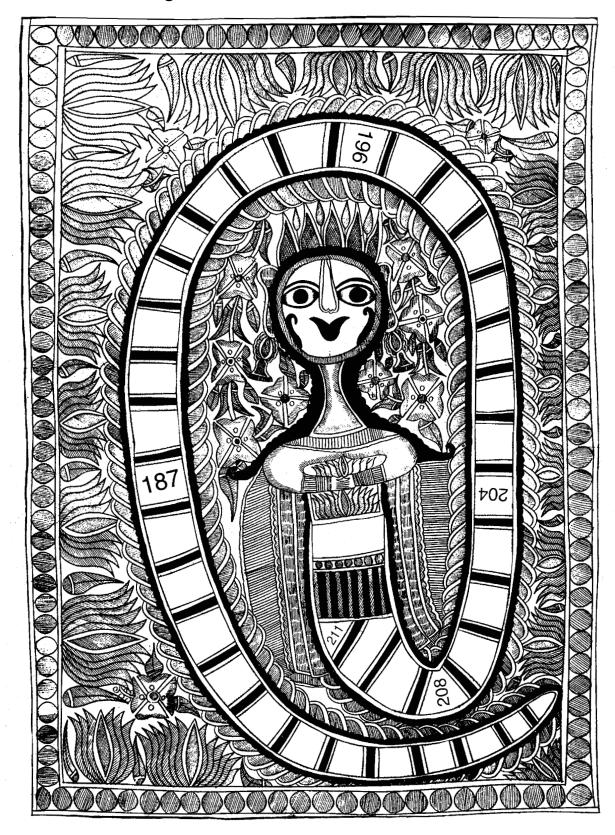
Arrange the numbers in the raindrops in increasing order.



Name:	Class:	D-4	
Name:	Clace.	Date:	

I WILL EAT NUMBERS

Write the missing numbers.



Name:	Class:	Date:	

SOLVE PROBLEMS ON MY BACK

Solve the following problems:



COMPUTE LIKE A COMPUTER

Do the following sums in your mind:

$$(3 + 6) - 5 =$$

$$(3 +) + 5 = 16$$

$$(11 + 5) - 3 =$$

$$(12 - \boxed{}) + 2 = 9$$

$$(5 + 9) - 3 =$$

$$(13 - \boxed{}) + 3 = 11$$

$$(7-2) + 6 =$$

$$(7 - \boxed{)} + 4 = 2$$

$$(16-4)+4=$$

$$(5 + 3) +$$
 = 13

$$(6-1)+6=$$

$$(10 + 5) + \boxed{} = 20$$

$$(13-2)-7=$$

$$(20-4)-3=$$

$$(+ 7) + 8 = 18$$

$$(+ 6) + 5 = 13$$

$$(11 + 2) - 3 =$$

$$(+ 3) + 11 = 20$$

$$(13-6) + = 14$$

$$(+ 4) + 3 = 14$$

$$(17 + 3) - 5 =$$

$$(6 + \boxed{}) + 3 = 11$$



CONTROLLED BOOK OF THE POST OF

Name: _____ Date: _____

MAKE SUMS

Draw rings to show how to make different sums. Write the sums.

Now choose whatever sums you want. Draw and write them on the back.

A TOTAL CONTROLLED A STATE OF THE STATE OF T

MAGIC SQUARES

The four numbers across each row add up to 34.

The four numbers down each column add up to 34.

For example,
$$1 + 8 + 13 + 12 = 34$$

and
$$1 + \Box + 4 + 15 = 34$$
.

Can you fill in the missing numbers?

1	8	13	12
	11		7
4		16	
15			6

Another Magic Square

This time the four numbers across each row add up to 65. The four numbers down each column add up to 65.

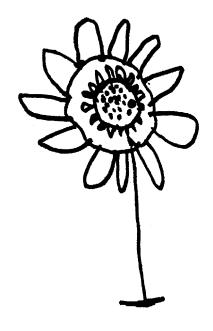
12	13		1
	3		15
7		11	
	16	5	

SUM PUZZLES

Fill in the blanks:

40	-	30		
-		•		+
	+	10	=	30
=		=		=
20	+		=	

33		26	=	59
+				+
	-		=	41
=		=		=
	+	15	=	



	+	4	=	
+		+		+
41	+		=	
=		=		=
56			=	72

WHAT IS THE QUESTION?

Using the operations +, - and x, find five ways to get each answer.

For example, if the answer is 40

you could write $\boxed{45}$ $\boxed{-}$ $\boxed{5}$ = 40

50

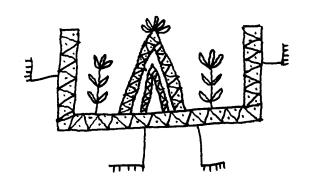
- $(1.) \quad \boxed{} = 50$
- (2.) = 50
- (3.) = 50
- $(4.) \quad \boxed{} = 50$
- (5.) = 50

48

- (1.) = 48
- (2.) = 48
- (3.) = 48
- (4.) = 48
- (5.) = 48

72

- (1.) = 72
- (2.) = 72
- (3.) = 72
- (4.) = 72
- (5.) = 72



Name:	Class:	Date	,

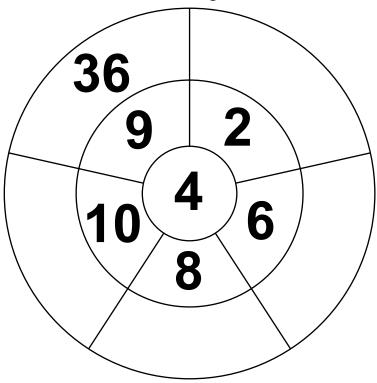
MULTIPLICATION PICTURES

Find the picture of each multiplication, colour it according to the given code, and fill in the blanks.

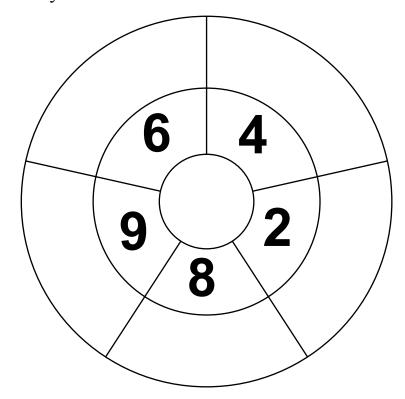
_	Rows		Columns	6	Total boxes	Colour	_
	1	X	2	=		Black	
	1	X	8	=		Brown	
	4	X	5	=		Red	
	3	X	7	=		Yellow	
	2	X	6	=		Green	
	4	X	4	=		Blue	
	6	X	2	=		Green	
	4	X	3	=		Green	
] _						
	<u> </u>						$\overline{}$
	<u> </u>	- 1		_ _			
				4 [
	1			╛╏			
	1			_		+	++
]						

MULTIPLICATION WHEELS

Multiply the number in the centre with each of the other numbers and write the answers in the blank spaces.



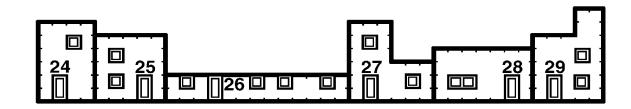
First choose any number for the centre:

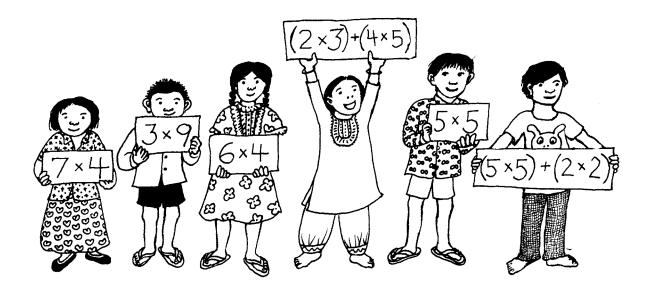


Name:	Class:	Date	,

WHERE DO WE LIVE?

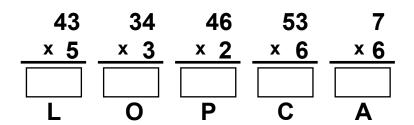
Solve the problems and draw lines to show where each child lives.





MULTIPLY TO DECODE

Multiply to find the code.



Arrange your answers in increasing order in the upper boxes and use the code letters under each product to find out who will catch the thief.

		С		

A CONTRACT C

MULTIPLICATION SQUARES

This is a **Multiplication Table**:

1	2	3	4	5
2	4	6	8	10
3	6	9	12	15
4	8	12	16	20
5	10	15	20	25

Look at the shaded **square** of 4 numbers:

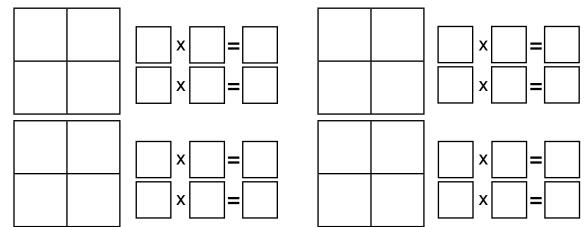
2	3
4	6

Multiply the diagonal numbers in the square and see what happens:

$$2 \times 6 = 12$$

$$4 \times 3 = 12$$

Find 4 other squares in the Multiplication Table. Write them below and multiply the diagonals. What do you find?



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MULTIPLY AND MULTIPLY

Multiply and then multiply again:

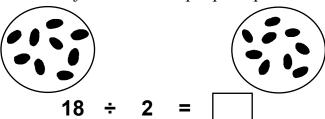
3 x 2 x 8
2 x 3 x 7
3 x 0 x 7
5 x 10 x 4
3 x 4 x 6
3 x 6 x 4
The and dering

Name: _____ Date: _____

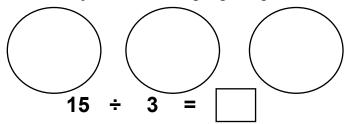
DIVIDING JAMUN

How many does each person get?

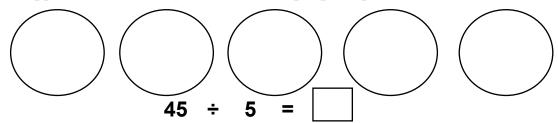
(a) Suppose there are 18 jamun. Give 2 people equal numbers:



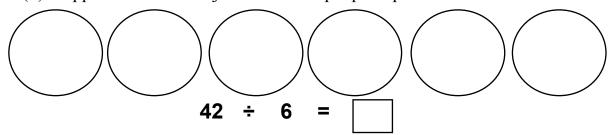
(b) Suppose there are 15 jamun. Give 3 people equal numbers:



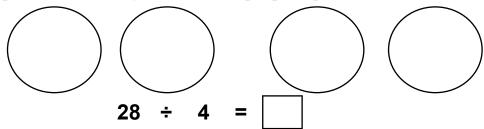
(c) Suppose there are 45 jamuns. Give 5 people equal numbers:



(d) Suppose there are 42 jamun. Give 6 people equal numbers:



(e) Suppose there are 28 jamun. Give 4 people equal numbers:

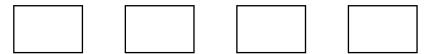


(f) Now you make your own division problems on the back. Draw pictures and write the equations.

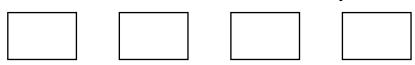
THE THE PARTY OF T

THINKING ABOUT MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION

(a)	Think of some	numbers that	can be o	divided b	v 2.
(a)	I IIIIIK OI SOIIIC	mumbers mai	can be c	arviucu u	V



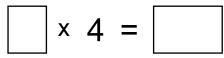




(c) Think of some numbers that cannot be divided evenly by 3.

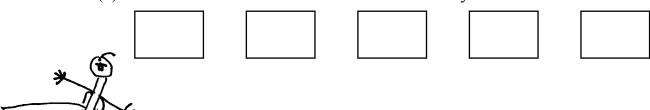


(d) Think of a one-digit number. Multiply it by 4.



Can the product be divided by 2? Show your work.

(e) Think of some numbers that can be divided by both 2 and 4.

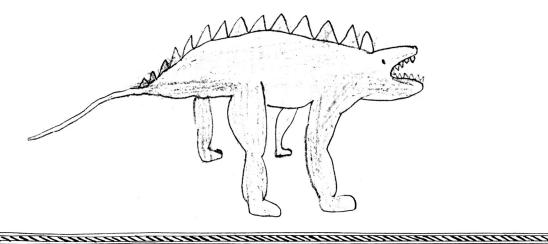


Name: Class: Date:

COMPLETE THE MULTIPLICATION TABLE

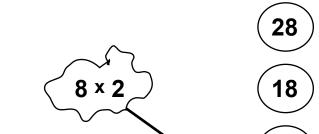
Fill in the missing products.

X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
0			0								
1		1					6				
2											
3					12						
4											
5											
6				24							
7											
8							48				
9											
10											



MULTIPLY AND MATCH

Join the sums to their answers:





















MULTIPLICATION AND DIVISION



Think! 4 times what number equals 12? 4 times 3 equals 12 So $12 \div 4 = 3$

(a)

(b)
$$16 \div 4 = \boxed{}$$

(c)
$$14 \div 2 = \boxed{}$$

(d)
$$20 \div 4 = \boxed{}$$

(e)
$$5 \times \square = 20$$

(f)
$$64 \div 8 =$$

(g)
$$30 \div 3 =$$

(h)
$$45 \div 9 =$$

(i)
$$25 \div 5 =$$

(j)
$$18 \div 6 =$$

(k) 9 x
$$= 36$$

(1)
$$18 \div 9 =$$

(m)
$$24 \div 8 =$$

(n)
$$32 \div 4 =$$

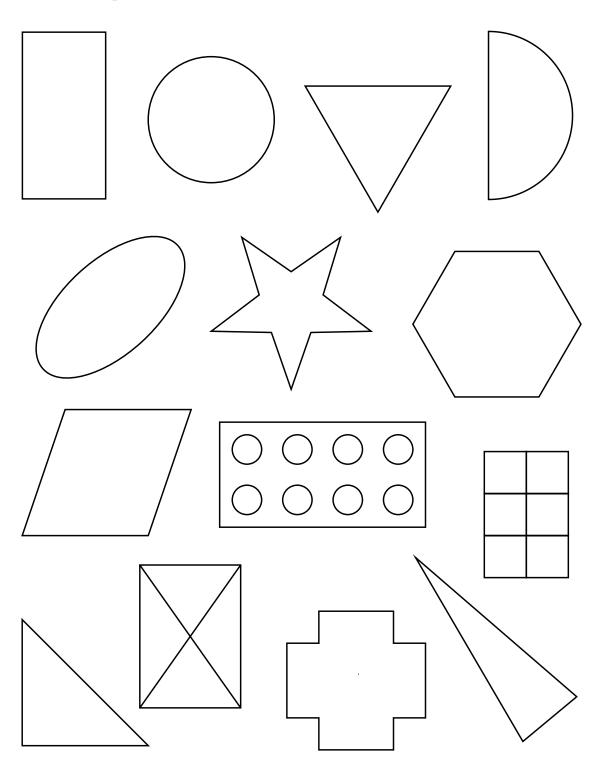
<u>Tabada da da taban 1771 (1881) (1881</u>

Name:	Class:	Date:
Name:	Class.	Date.

DIVIDE IN HALF AND COLOUR HALF

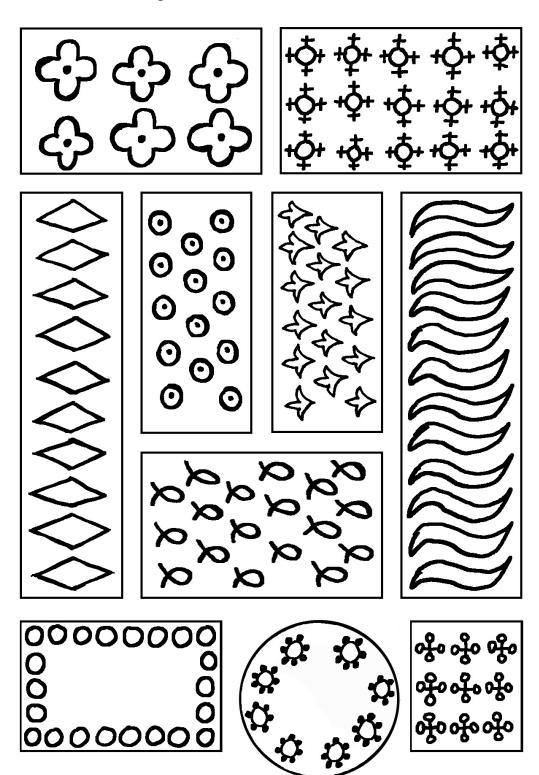


Cut each shape in half. Colour one half.



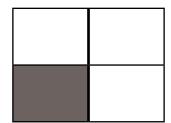
HALF OF THE THINGS

Colour half of the things in each set.



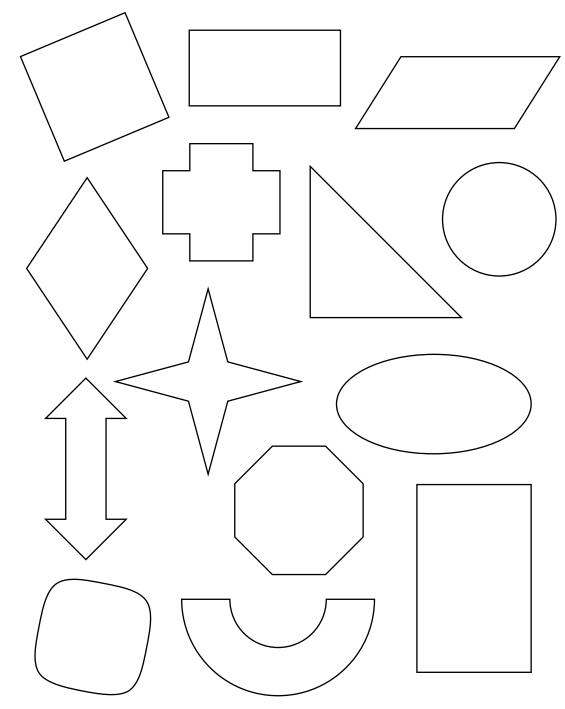
Name: _	Class:	Date:	
1 1uiiic	_ Clabb.	Dutc.	

COLOUR ONE QUARTER



1/4

Divide each shape into 4 equal parts. Colour one part. This one part out of four is called one fourth or one quarter (1/4).



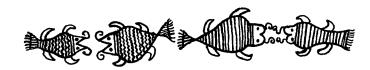
Name: Cla	ss: Date:
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ONE QUARTER OF THE OBJECTS

Ring one quarter (one fourth) of the things in each set.

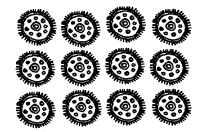


















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Name: Class: D	ate:
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COLOURING FRACTIONS OF A WHOLE

Colour the bar to match the fraction.

colour the our	to materi the naction.
2/4	
5/5	
4/6	
1/2	
7/10	
3/4	
3/6	
9/13	
1/4	

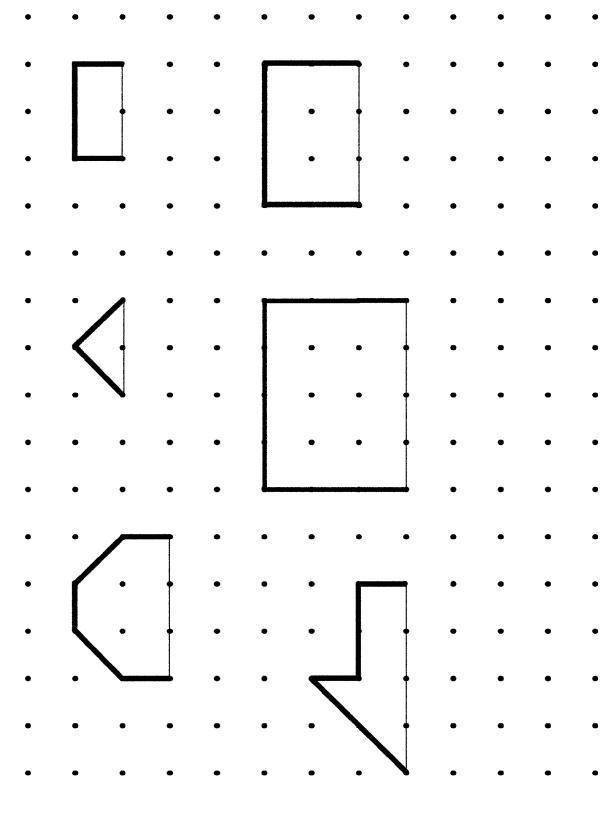
Are any of these fractions the same?

Name:	Class:	Date:
Name:	Class.	Date.

DRAW THE OTHER HALF

Half of each shape is given.

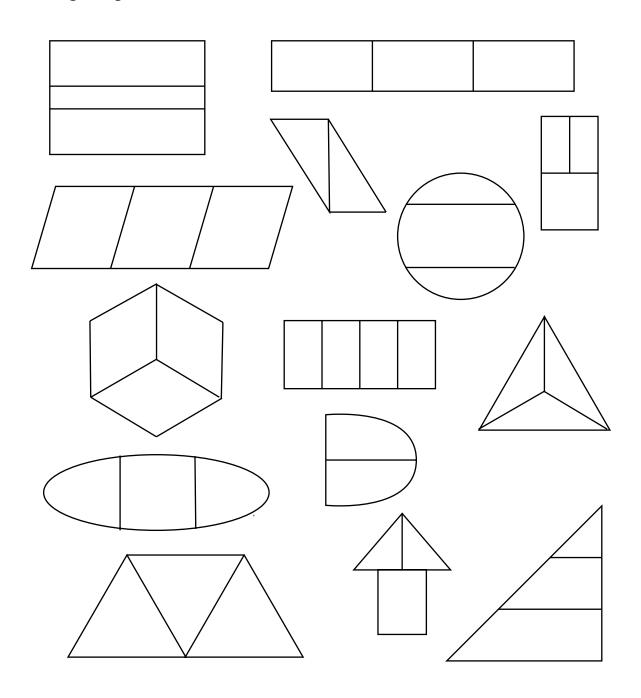
You draw the other half.



THIRDS

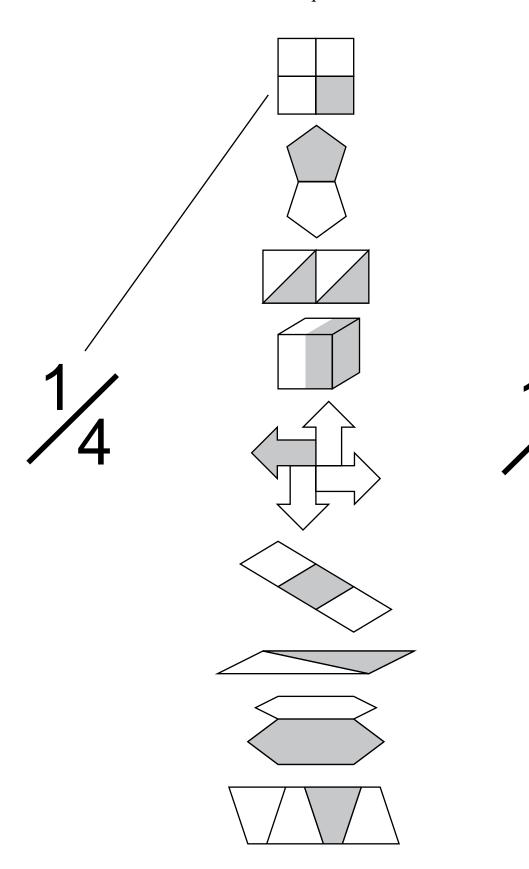


Ring the pictures that show thirds.



ONE FOURTH OR ONE HALF?

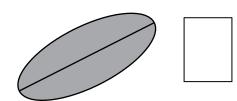
Draw lines to show if the shaded parts are 1/4 or 1/2.

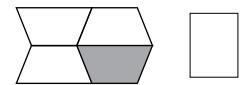


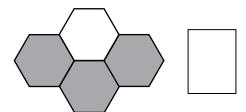
WHAT FRACTION?

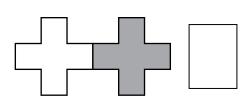
How much of each shape is shaded?

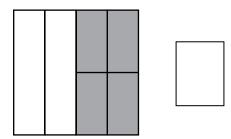
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	11 <i>/</i>
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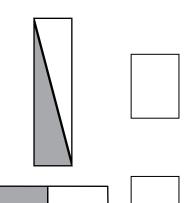


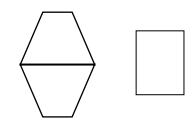


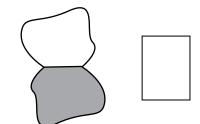


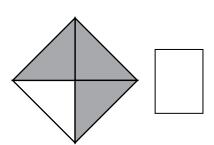


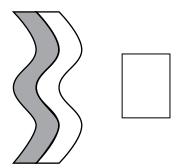


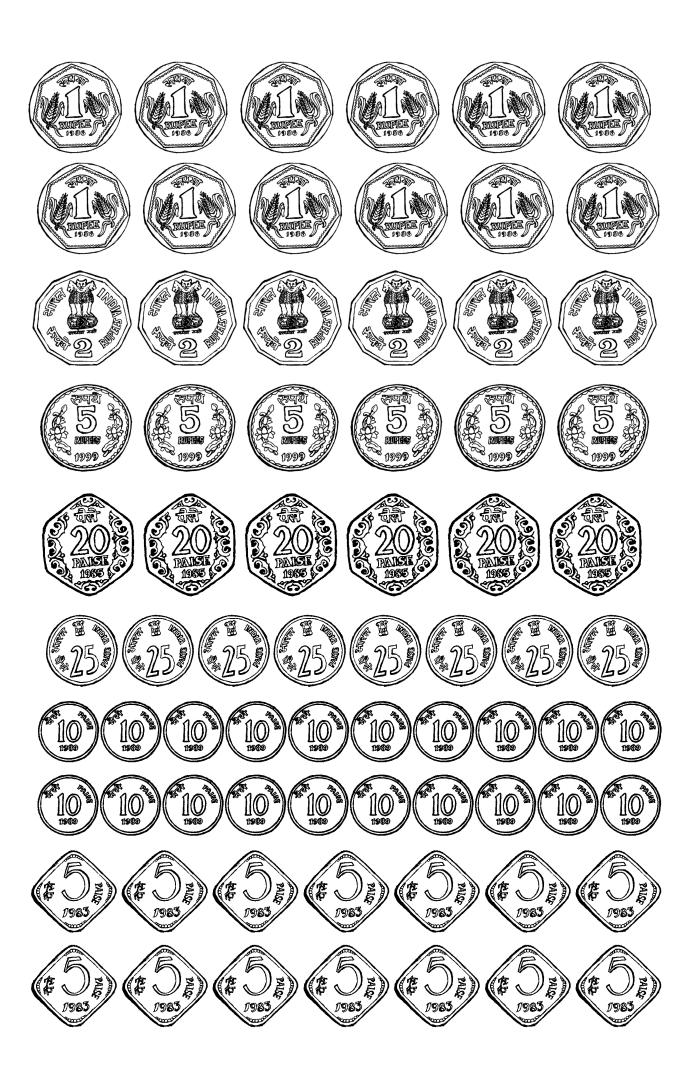
















केन्द्रीय सरकार द्वारा प्रत्याभूतः GUARANTEED BY THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT



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केन्द्रीय सरकार द्वारा प्रत्याभूत GUARANTEED BY THE CENTRAL GOVERNMENT



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केन्द्रीय स्रकार द्वारा प्रन्याभूत QUARANÇÊSO BY THE CENTRAL GOVERNI





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